

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MAYA LAU ,

Plaintiff(s),

v.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, et al.

Defendant(s).

Case No. 2:25-cv-04766-SPG-BFM

**ORDER SETTING SCHEDULING
CONFERENCE**

Date: November 19, 2025

Time: 03:00 PM

Courtroom: 5C

**READ THIS ORDER CAREFULLY. IT CONTROLS THIS CASE
AND DIFFERS IN SOME RESPECTS FROM THE LOCAL RULES.**

This case has been assigned to United States District Judge Sherilyn Peace Garnett. This matter is set for a Scheduling Conference on the above date in Courtroom 5C of the First Street Courthouse, 350 West 1st Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012.

A. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1. Service of Pleadings. If plaintiff has not already served the operative complaint on all defendants, plaintiff shall do so promptly and shall file proofs of service of the summons and complaint within three (3) days thereafter. *See* Fed. R.

1 Civ. P. 4; Local Rule 4. Defendants also shall timely serve and file their responsive
2 pleadings (if not previously done) and comply the requirements of Local Rule
3 5-3.2. At the Scheduling Conference, the court will set a date by which motions to
4 amend the pleadings or add parties must be heard.

5 **2. Order Applies to Pro Se Litigants.** “Counsel,” as used in this Order,
6 includes parties who have elected to appear without counsel and are representing
7 themselves in this litigation (hereinafter referred to as “Pro Se Litigants”). Pro Se
8 Litigants must comply with this Order, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and
9 the Local Rules. *See* L.R. 1-3, 83-2.2.3. Pro Se Litigants are required to participate
10 in the scheduling conference.

11 **3. Notice to be Provided by Counsel.** Plaintiff’s counsel or, if plaintiff is
12 a Pro Se Litigant, defendant’s counsel, shall provide this Order to all known parties
13 who have not yet appeared or who appear after the date of this Order. This and all
14 other applicable orders in this case are available on Judge Garnett’s Webpage
15 (scroll to the bottom) [http://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sherilyn-peace](http://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sherilyn-peace-garnett)
16 [-garnett](http://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sherilyn-peace-garnett). The Local Rules are available on the Central District of California
17 Website.

18 **4. Compliance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26.** The scheduling conference
19 will be held pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 16(b). The parties are reminded
20 of their obligations to (i) make initial disclosures “without awaiting a discovery
21 request” (Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)) and (ii) confer on a discovery plan at least
22 twenty-one (21) days before the scheduling conference (Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)).
23 The Court encourages Counsel to agree to begin to conduct discovery actively
24 *before* the Scheduling Conference. At the very least, the parties shall comply
25 fully with the letter and spirit of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a) and thereby obtain and
26 produce most of what would be produced in the early stage of discovery. At the
27 scheduling conference the Court will impose strict deadlines to complete discovery.

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5. Participation of Lead Trial Counsel and Unrepresented Parties.

Lead trial counsel and any unrepresented parties must attend the scheduling conference, unless excused by the Court for good cause prior to the conference.

6. Continuance. A request to continue the scheduling conference will be granted only for good cause. The parties should plan to file the Joint Rule 26(f) Report on the original due date even if a continuance is granted. The Court will not continue the scheduling conference to allow the parties to explore settlement.

7. Vacating the Conference. The Court may vacate the scheduling conference and issue a case management order based on the Joint Rule 26(f) Report.

B. PARTIES MUST PREPARE AND FILE A JOINT RULE 26(f) REPORT

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report must be filed not later than fourteen (14) days before the scheduling conference. The Report shall be drafted by plaintiff (unless plaintiff is a Pro Se Litigant or the parties agree otherwise) but shall be submitted and signed jointly. "Jointly" means a single report, regardless of how many separately-represented parties exist in the case. The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall specify the date of the Mandatory Scheduling Conference on the caption page. Under the title, it shall list the dates of the (1) Original Complaint; (2) Removal (if removed); (3) Responsive Pleading; (4) and Trial (Proposed). The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall report all the following information, which include those required to be discussed by Rule 26(f) and Local Rule 26, and use numbered section headings and lettered sub-headings that correspond to those below:

1. Statement of the Case: A short synopsis (not to exceed two pages) of the main claims, counterclaims, affirmative defenses, and procedural history.

2. Subject Matter Jurisdiction: A statement of the specific basis of federal jurisdiction, including supplemental jurisdiction. For federal question jurisdiction, cite the federal law under which the claim arises. For diversity jurisdiction, state each party's citizenship and the amount in controversy.

1 **3. Legal Issues.** A brief description of all key legal issues, including
2 any significant procedural, substantive, or evidentiary issues.

3 **4. Parties, Evidence, etc.** A list of parties, percipient witnesses, and
4 key documents on the main issues in the case. For conflict purposes, corporate
5 parties must identify all subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates.

6 **5. Damages.** The realistic range of provable damages.

7 **6. Insurance.** Whether insurance coverage exists, the extent of coverage,
8 and whether there is or will be a reservation of rights.

9 **7. Motions:**

10 **(a) Procedural Motions.** A statement of the likelihood of motions
11 seeking to add other parties or claims, file amended pleadings, transfer venue,
12 or challenge the court's jurisdiction.

13 **(b) Dispositive Motions.** A description of the issues or claims that any
14 party believes may be determined by motion to dismiss or motion for summary
15 judgment. The parties should refer to the Court's Standing Order for Motions for
16 Summary Judgment for specific guidelines governing summary judgment motions.
17 To streamline a case for trial, parties are encouraged to file motions that for which
18 claims and/or issues of law may be conclusively decided. Parties are discouraged
19 from filing frivolous motions.

20 **(c) Class Certification Motion.** For a putative class action, the
21 Court will set a deadline for hearing the class certification motion. The motion
22 must be filed sufficiently far in advance of the deadline to allow for: (1) at least
23 three weeks between the filing of the reply and the hearing; (2) four weeks for the
24 opposition; and (3) two weeks for the reply. The parties must act diligently and
25 begin discovery immediately, because the motion must be filed not later than
26 120 days from the date originally set for the scheduling conference, unless the
27 Court orders otherwise. Any request for additional time beyond the 120 days
28 must be supported by a detailed "Class Certification Plan" –attached as an

1 exhibit at the end of the Report– showing all anticipated activity and the
2 corresponding date for each activity, up to the hearing on the motion. The failure
3 to provide the Class Certification Plan will result in the denial of additional time.

4 **8. Manual for Complex Litigation:** Whether all or part of the procedures
5 of the Manual for Complex Litigation should be utilized.

6 **9. Discovery.**

7 (a) **Status of Discovery.** A discussion of the present state of
8 discovery, including a summary of pending and completed discovery, and any
9 current or anticipated disputes.

10 (b) **Discovery Plan.** A detailed discovery plan, as contemplated by
11 Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f). State what, if any, proposed changes in the disclosures under
12 Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a) should be made; the subject(s) on which discovery may be
13 needed and whether discovery should be conducted in phases or otherwise be
14 limited; whether applicable limitations should be changed or other limitations
15 imposed; and whether the Court should enter other orders. A general statement
16 to the effect that discovery will be conducted on all claims and defenses is
17 unacceptable.

18 (c) **Discovery Cut-off:** A proposed discovery cut-off date governing
19 the completion of all fact discovery, including resolution of all discovery motions.

20 (d) **Expert Discovery:** Proposed dates for expert witness disclosures
21 (initial and rebuttal) and expert discovery cut-off under Rule 26(a)(2).

22 (e) **Settlement Conference/Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR).**

23 A statement of what settlement negotiations have occurred, excluding any
24 statement of the terms discussed. If a Notice to Parties of Court-Directed ADR
25 Program (Form ADR-08) was filed in this case, the court will refer the matter
26 for ADR. The parties must state their preference in the Joint Rule 26(f) Report for:
27 (i) the Magistrate Judge, (ii) the Court Mediation Panel, or (iii) a private mediator
28 (at the parties' expense). The court will exercise its discretion to select an

1 ADR option for the parties if they fail to state a preference. No case will
2 proceed to trial unless all parties, including an officer of all corporate parties
3 (with full authority to settle the case), have appeared personally and participated
4 in an ADR proceeding.

5 **(f) Trial:**

6 **i. Trial Estimate.** Provide a realistic estimate, in days, of the
7 court time required for trial and whether trial will be by jury or by court. Each side
8 should specify (by number, not by name) how many witnesses it contemplates
9 calling. If the time estimate for trial given in the Joint Rule 26(f) Report exceeds
10 four court days, counsel shall be prepared to discuss in detail the basis for the
11 estimate.

12 **ii. Jury or Court Trial.** Specify whether trial will be by jury or
13 by court. The default will be a court trial if the parties fail to specify.

14 **iii. Consent to Trial Before a Magistrate Judge.** Whether
15 the parties agree to try the case (either by jury or court trial) before a magistrate
16 judge. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636 (requiring party consent). The parties are strongly
17 encouraged to consider consenting to trial before a Magistrate Judge. One
18 benefit to giving such consent is that the parties almost always will be able to
19 proceed to trial sooner than on a District Court Judge's calendar. Additionally,
20 the parties are free to select from among all Magistrate Judges available for
21 this purpose, not just the Magistrate Judge assigned to the parties' case. The
22 Magistrate Judges have experience and expertise in a variety of areas, including
23 patent and trademark litigation. If the parties consent to trial before a Magistrate
24 Judge, the parties may choose any Magistrate Judge identified on the Central
25 District website and submit the appropriate consent form.

26 **iv. Lead Trial Counsel.** List the name of the attorney who
27 will serve as lead trial counsel, as well as other attorneys who will participate
28 in the trial. Only one attorney for a party may be designated as lead trial counsel

1 unless otherwise permitted by the Court. If a second lead trial counsel is permitted
2 by the Court, both counsels must attend the Pretrial Conference.

3 **(g) Independent Expert or Master:** State whether this is a case
4 in which the Court should consider appointing a master pursuant to Fed. R.
5 Civ. P. 53 or an independent scientific expert. The appointment of a master
6 may be especially appropriate if there are likely to be substantial discovery
7 disputes, numerous claims to be construed in connection with a summary
8 judgment motion, a lengthy *Daubert* hearing, a resolution of a difficult
9 computation of damages, etc.

10 **(h) Other Issues:** A statement of any other issues affecting case
11 management, including unusually complex technical issues, related litigations,
12 disputes over protective orders, extraordinarily voluminous document
13 production, non-English speaking witnesses, reasonable ADA accommodations,
14 discovery in foreign jurisdictions, the applicability of foreign law, the advanced
15 age or health of parties or key witnesses, and any proposals concerning severance,
16 bifurcation, or other ordering of proof.

17 **C. PARTIES MUST PREPARE AND FILE SCHEDULE OF PRETRIAL**
18 **AND TRIAL DATES WORKSHEET.**

19 Complete the text-fillable Schedule of Pretrial and Trial Dates Worksheet
20 (“Worksheet”), which is available at the bottom of Judge Garnett’s webpage,
21 <https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sherilyn-peace-garnett>. **Counsel**
22 **must email the text-fillable Worksheet to Chambers** at
23 SPG_chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov along with your Joint Rule 26(f) Report.
24 The Court will then issue an order setting the schedule governing this case.
25 Therefore, the parties must make every effort to agree on all pretrial and trial dates.

26 **1. Weeks Before FPTC.** The “Weeks Before FPTC” column reflect
27 what the Court believes is appropriate for most cases and will allow the Court
28 to rule on potentially dispositive motions sufficiently in advance of the Final

1 Pretrial Conference. However, counsel may ask for earlier last dates by which
2 the key requirements must be completed. Each date should be stated as month,
3 day, and year, e.g., 10/15/2025.

4 **2. Hearings.** Hearings shall be on Wednesdays at 1:30 p.m. The Final
5 Pretrial Conference shall be at 3:00 p.m. Other deadlines (those not involving
6 the Court) can be any day of the week. Counsel must avoid holidays. The Court
7 may order different dates than those requested.

8 **3. Discovery Cut-Off Date.** The discovery cut-off date is the last day
9 by which all depositions must be completed, responses to previously served
10 written discovery must be provided, and motions concerning discovery disputes
11 must be heard.

12 **4. Motions Cut-off.** The cut-off date for motions is the last date on
13 which motions may be heard, not filed.

14 **5. Additional Dates.** If the parties wish the Court to set dates in addition
15 to those on the Worksheet, they may so request by a separate Stipulation and
16 Proposed Order. This is often appropriate for class actions, patent cases, and
17 ERISA cases. For ERISA Cases Involving Benefits Claims, the parties may
18 receive a scheduling conference order as a matter of course. Because the ordinary
19 pretrial and trial schedule does not apply to these ERISA cases, the parties
20 need only submit a joint status report identifying any special issues that should
21 should be considered. The parties should proceed with the preparation of the
22 administrative record and briefing without delay upon service of the complaint.
23 A court trial, ordinarily limited to oral argument on the administrative record, will
24 be scheduled within six months from the filing of the original complaint, unless
25 good cause for additional time is shown in the status report. If the Court
26 concludes that the decision would not benefit from oral argument, the matter
27 may be submitted for decision on the papers.

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1 **D. COUNSEL MUST DELIVER ORDER TO CLIENTS.** Counsel are
2 ordered to deliver to their clients a copy of this Order, which will contain
3 the schedule that the Court sets at the scheduling conference. This and all other
4 generally applicable orders of this court are available on the Central District of
5 California website, www.cacd.uscourts.gov . The Local Rules are also available
6 on the court's website at [https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/court-procedures](https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/court-procedures/local-rules)
7 [/local-rules](https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/court-procedures/local-rules).

8 The Court thanks the parties and their counsel for their anticipated
9 cooperation.

10 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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12 Dated: October 16, 2025



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15 HON. SHERILYN PEACE GARNETT
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE